

# Pseudo-flat lattice in Booster

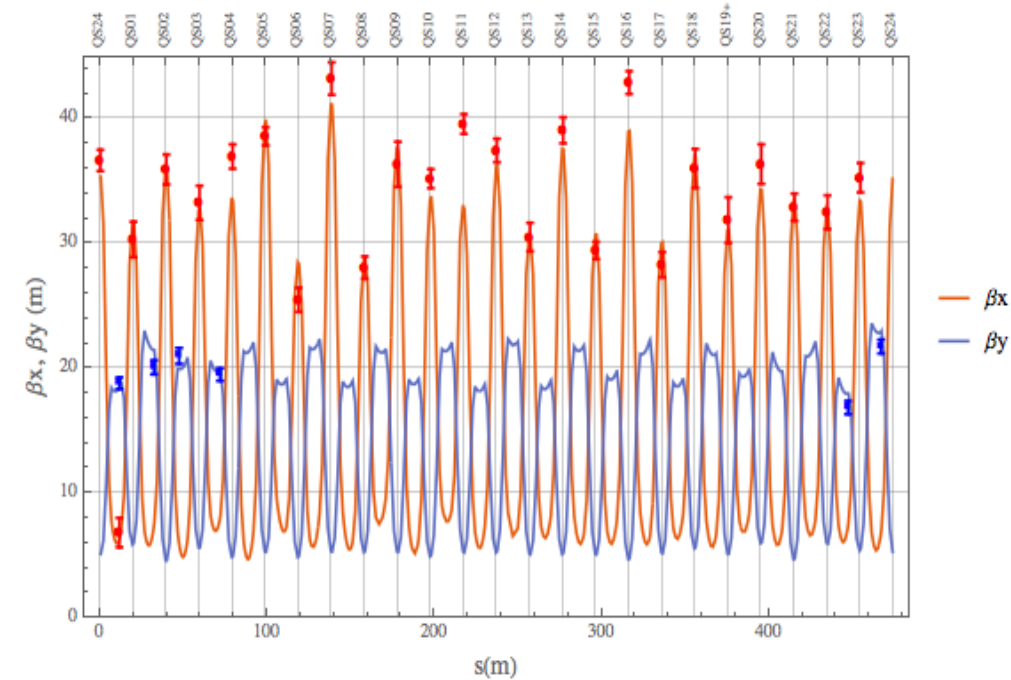
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08 Mar 2017

# Goals for the past 2 weeks

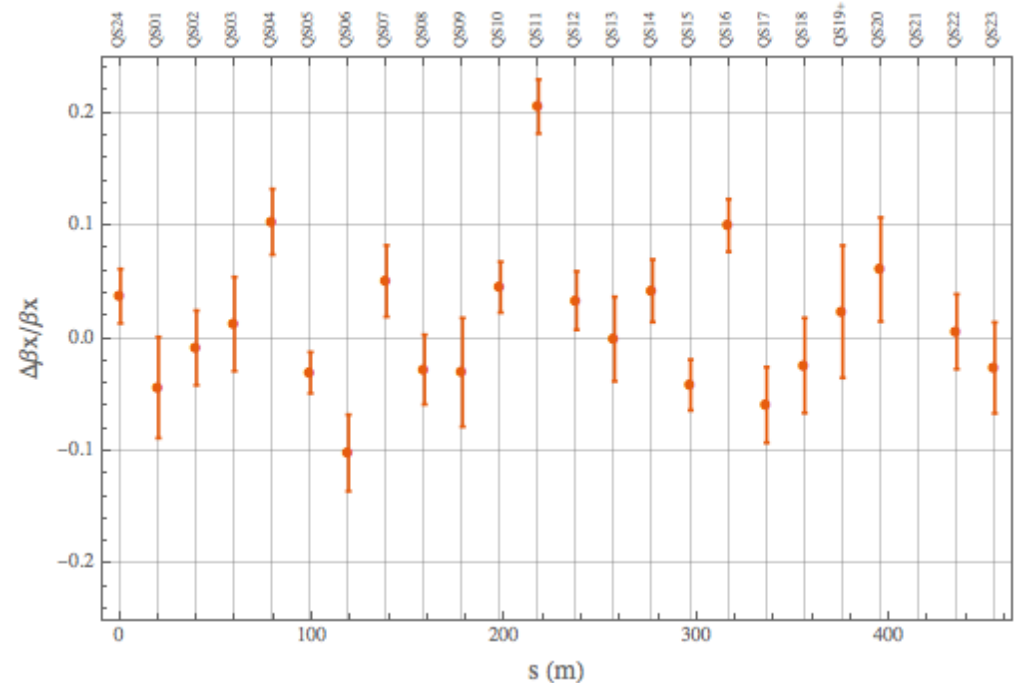
- Create pseudo flat lattice in Booster
- Measure as loaded pseudo lattice with tune response method.
  - Check that measurements are “close” to model.
    - Expect +/- 10% type agreement.
  - Check orbits
    - Make sure that orbits are close to HEP orbits and the lattice is minimally affected.
  - Make tune scan to verify that tune space is unchanged or improved from HEP. (to be done)

# HEP lattice with measurements (Reminder)

Combined measurements at 3 ms



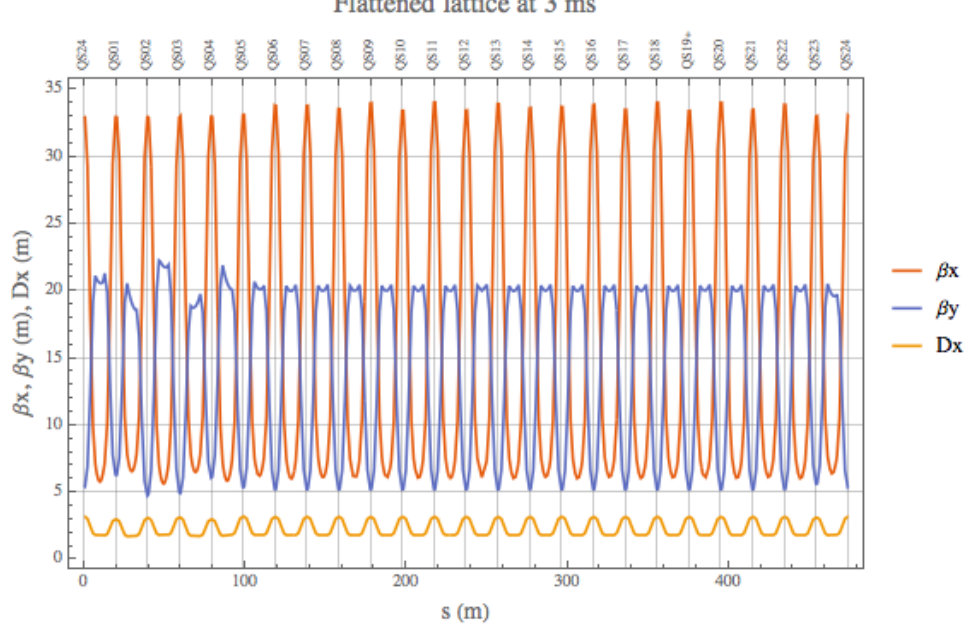
Relative error between measurement and model



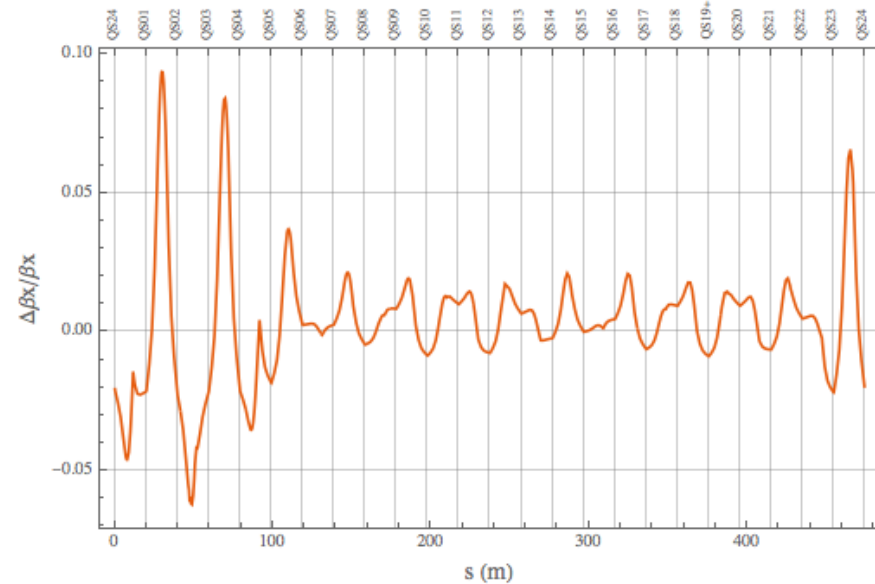
Measurements and model are within +/- 10% except at 1 location, QS11

# Model pseudo-flat lattice

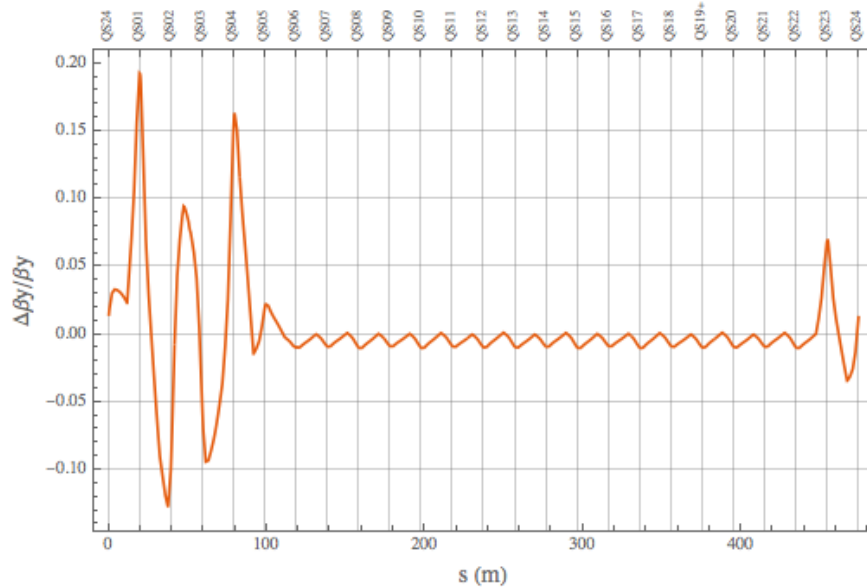
Flattened lattice at 3 ms



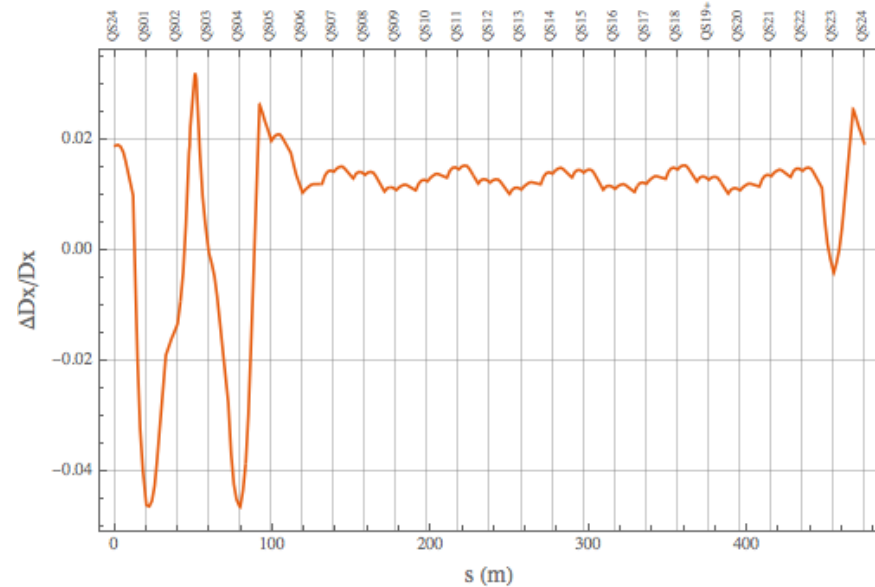
Relative  $\beta_x$  correction error 3 ms



Relative  $\beta_y$  correction error 3 ms



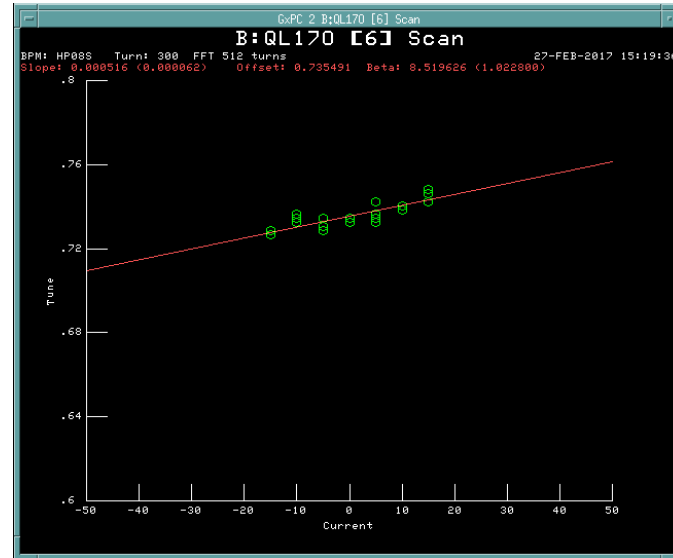
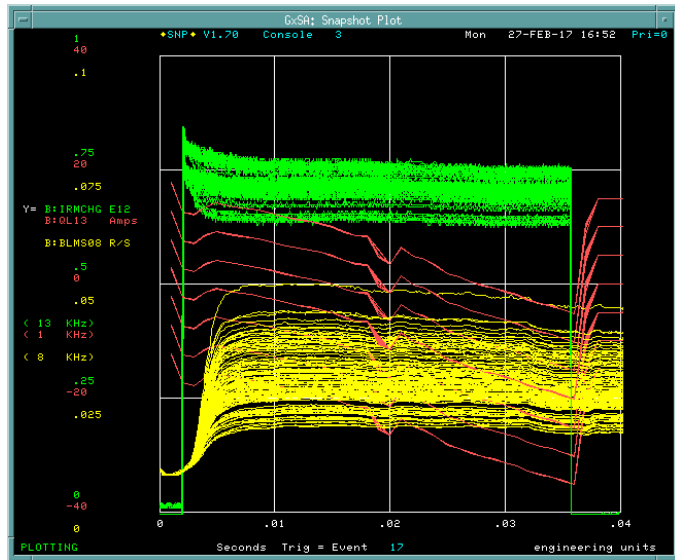
Relative  $D_x$  correction error 3 ms



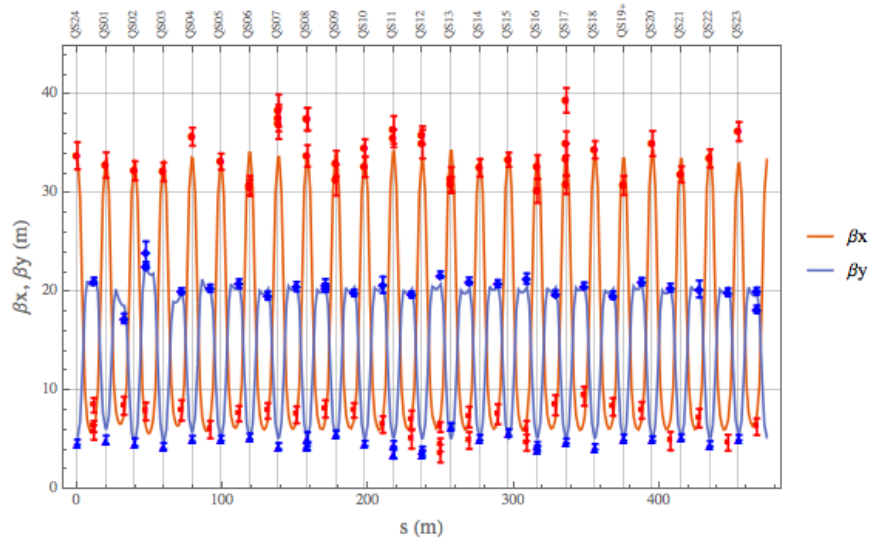
# Measured data

Horizontal tunes more noisy than vertical

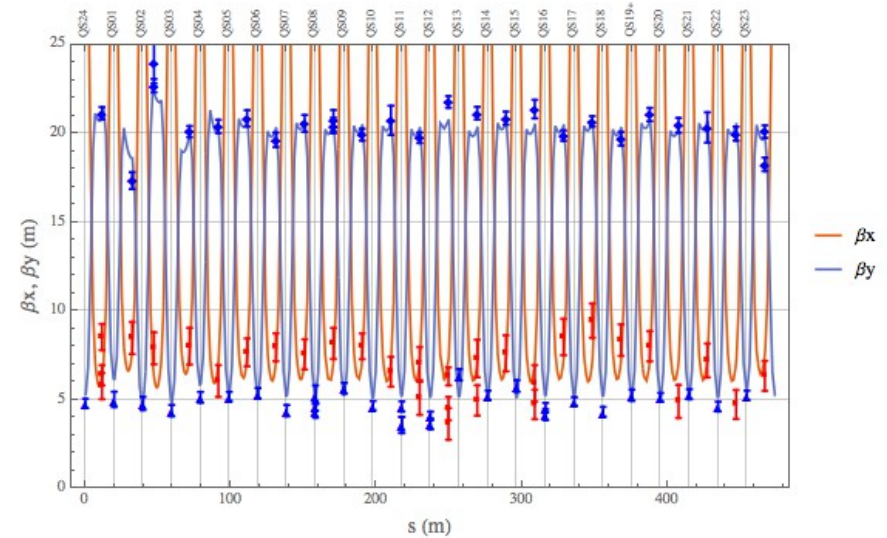
current=0.75e12



HEP lattice at 3 ms



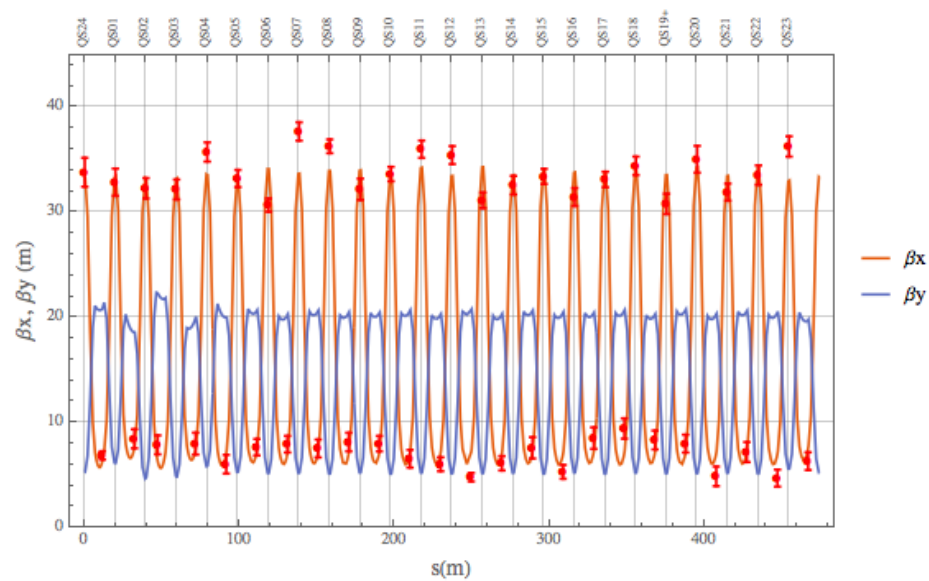
HEP lattice at 3 ms



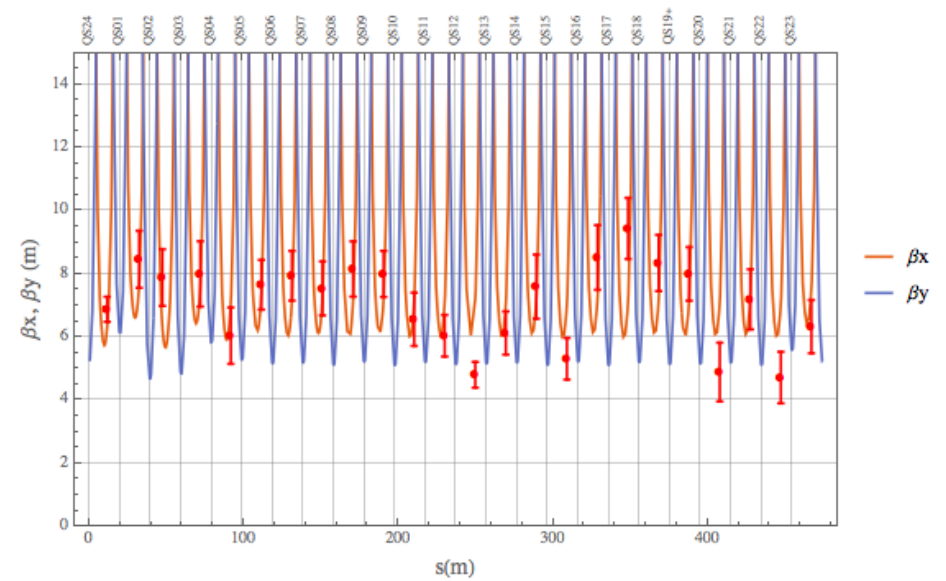
All the data points that we measured. Some multiple times.

# After some data processing, $\beta_x$

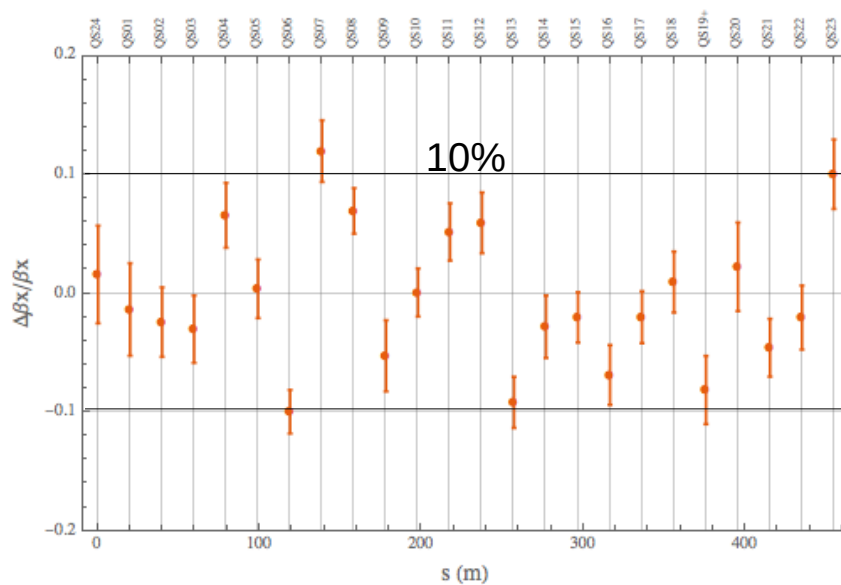
Combined measurements at 3 ms



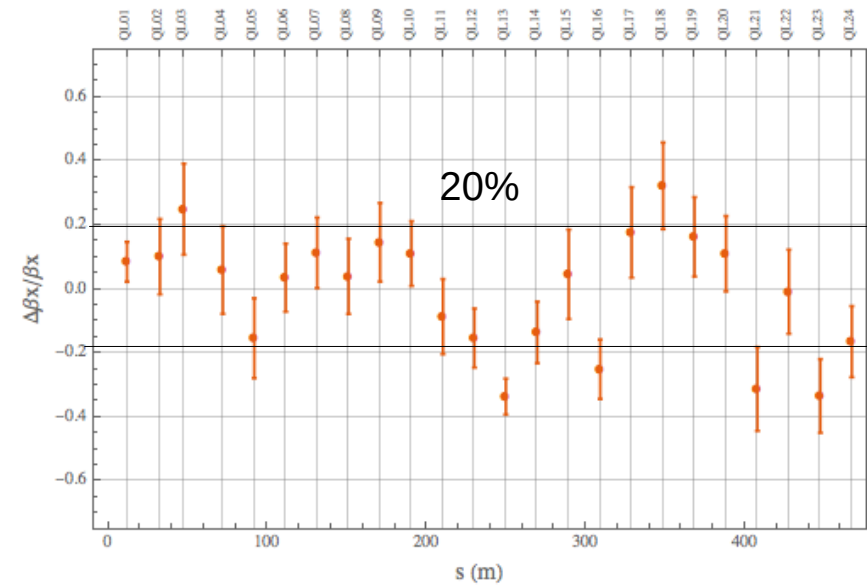
Combined measurements at 3 ms



Relative error between measurement and model ( $\beta_x$  high)

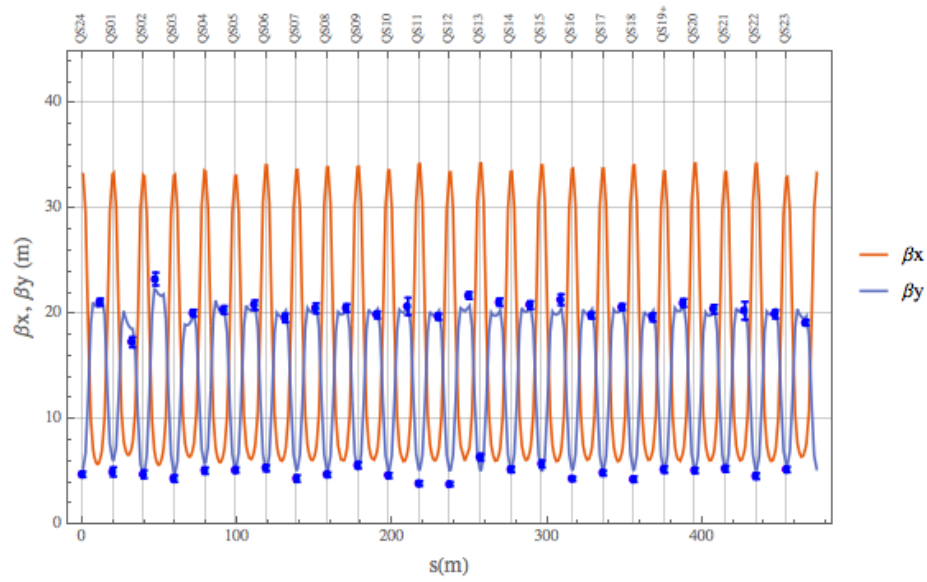


Relative error between measurement and model ( $\beta_x$  low)

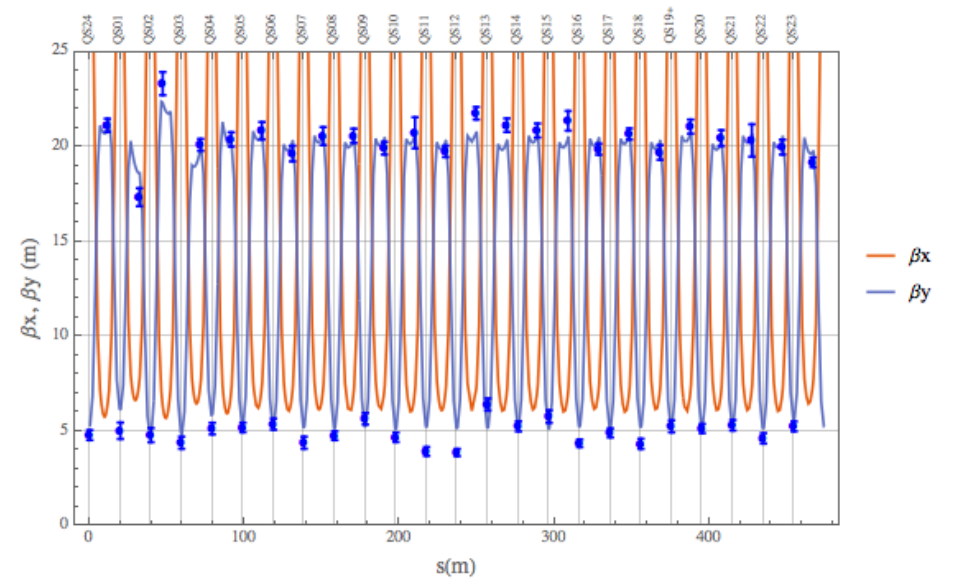


# $\beta y$

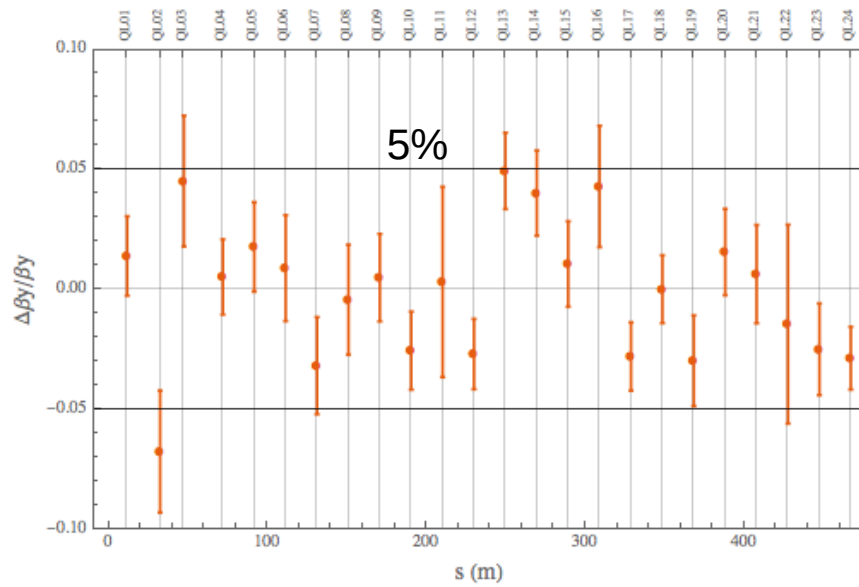
Combined measurements at 3 ms



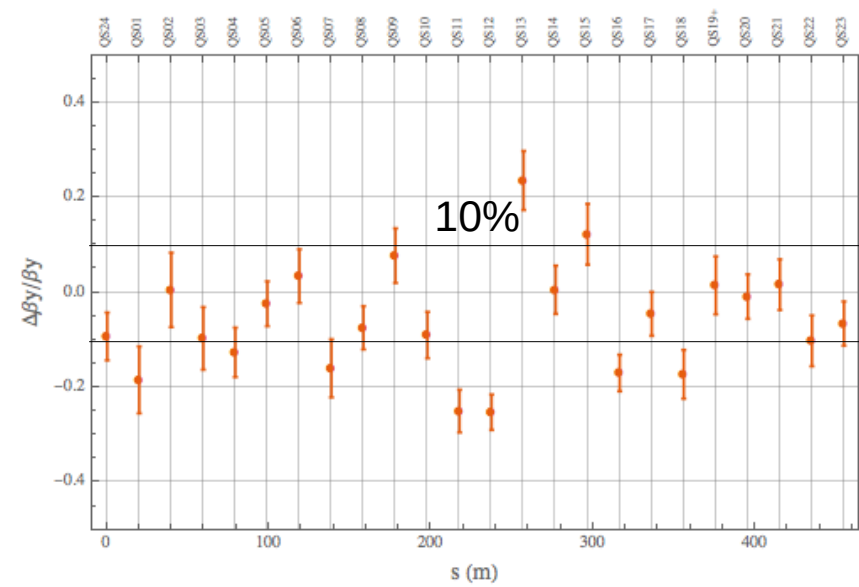
Combined measurements at 3 ms



Relative error between measurement and model ( $\beta y$  high)



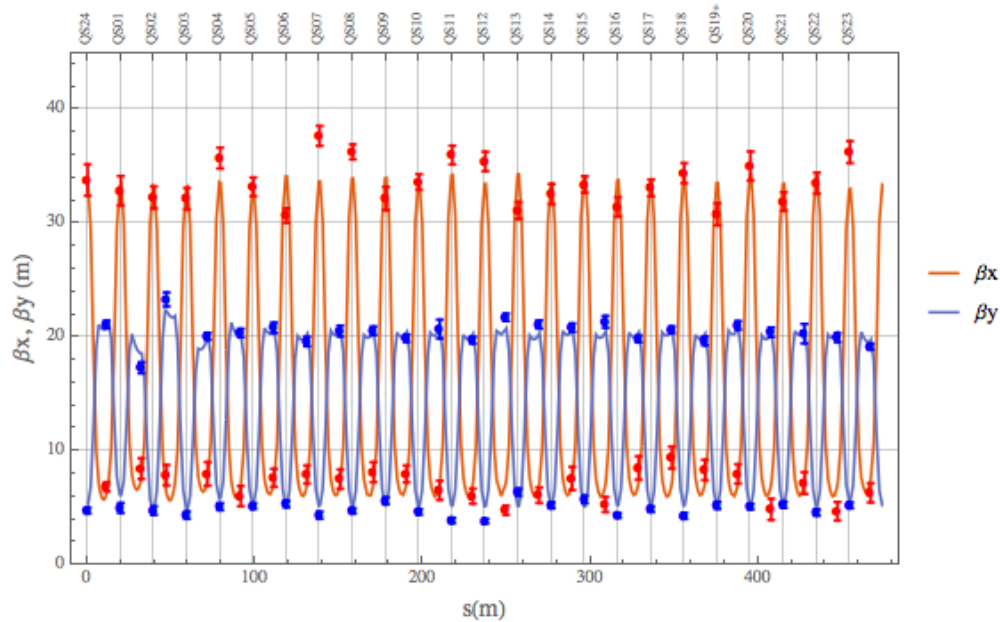
Relative error between measurement and model ( $\beta y$  low)



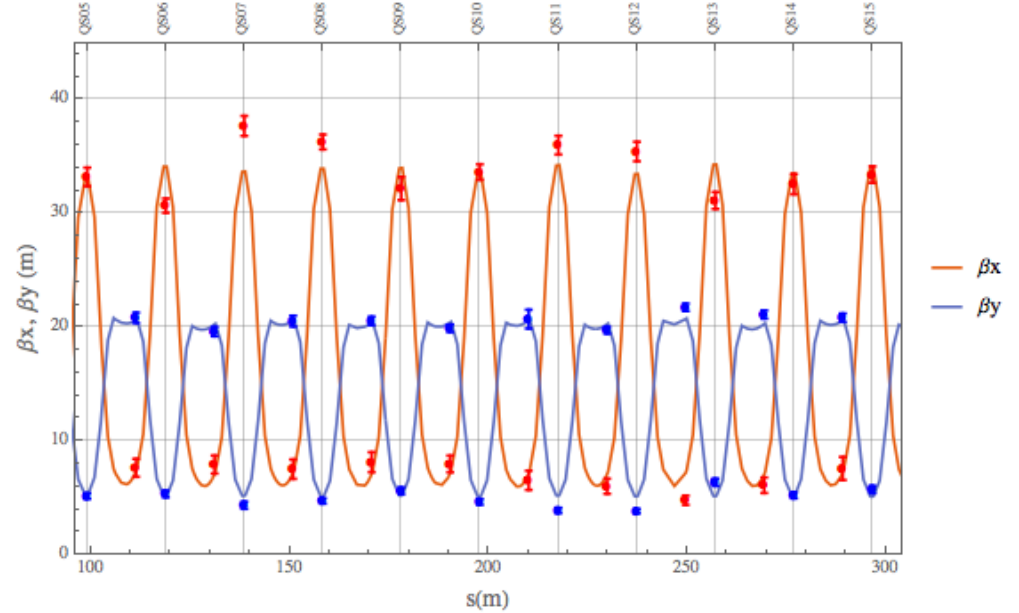


# Interesting locations

Combined measurements at 3 ms



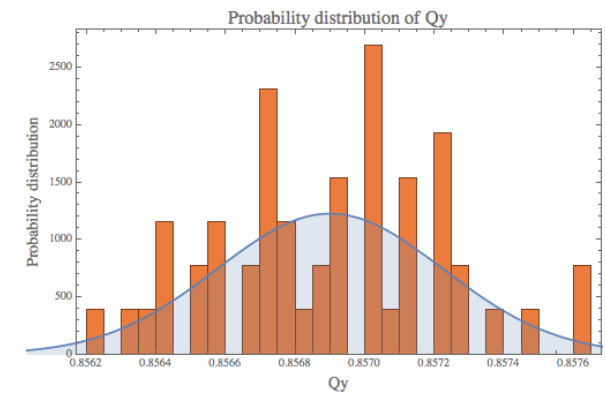
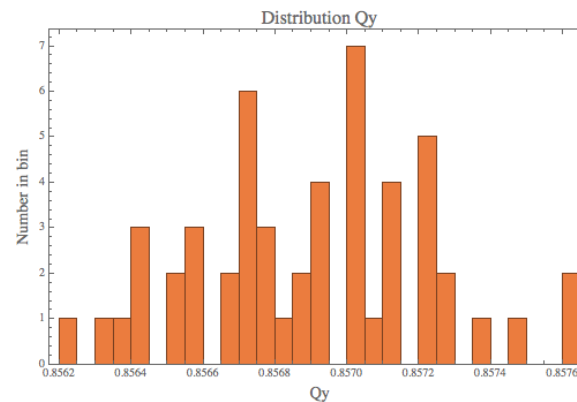
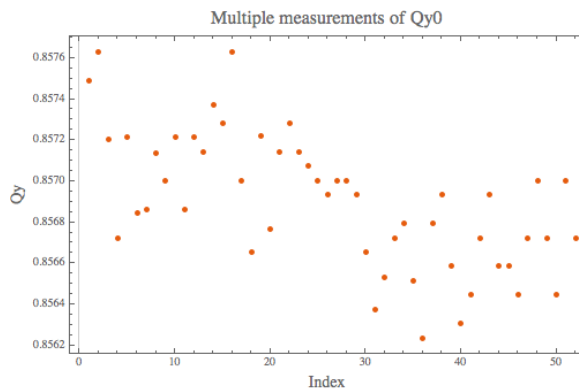
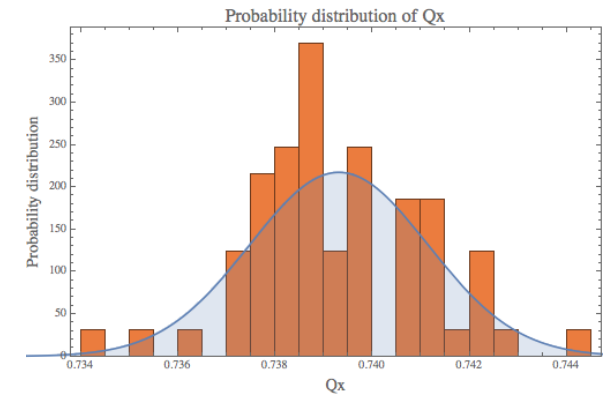
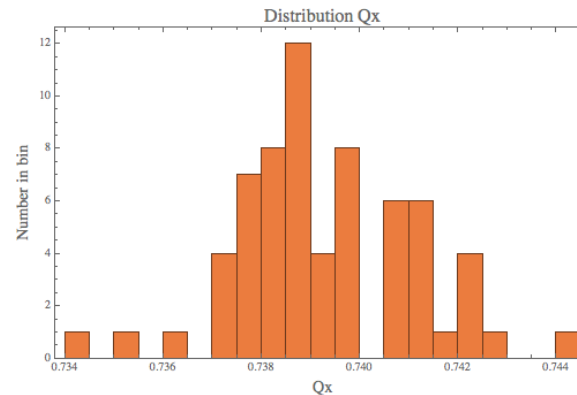
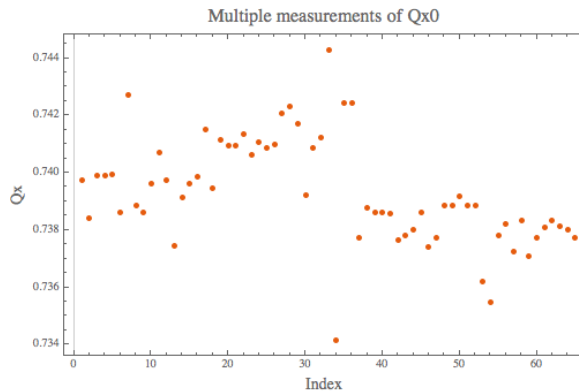
Combined measurements at 3 ms



Interesting region starts from QS06 and ends at QS14.  
Collimation region at L06 and absorber region at L13.  
QS12 has horizontal  $\sim 1$  cm offset.



# Checking tune measurement errors



$$Q_{x0} = 0.739 \pm 0.002$$

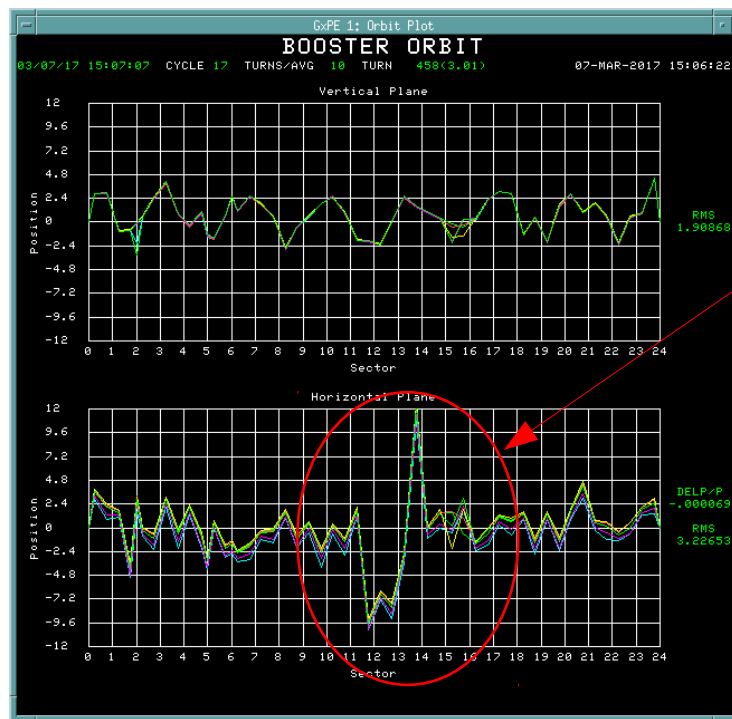
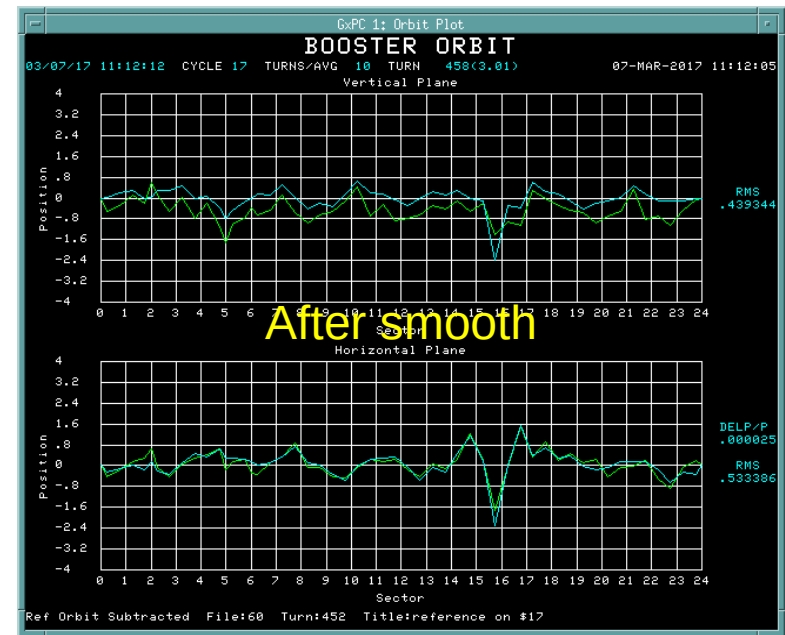
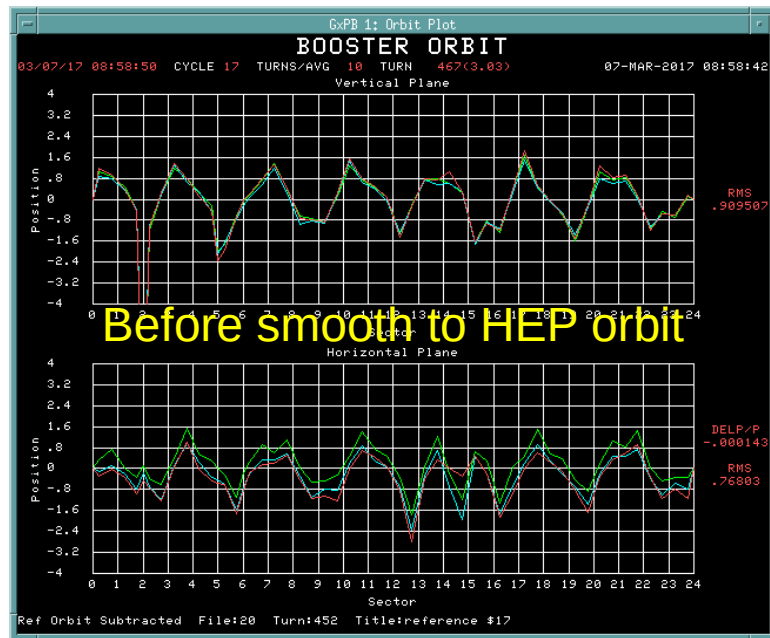
$$Q_{y0} = 0.8569 \pm 0.0003$$

The above implies that:

$\sigma \beta_x = 1.1 \text{ m}$  ← consistent with measured b error calculated from measured slope error

$\sigma \beta_y = 0.2 \text{ m}$  ← factor of 2 smaller than b error calculated from measured slope error

# Smoothing orbits to HEP orbits and checking interesting locations



Bumped out orbit bump at absorber.

The problem is that after we took out the bump, we had a very hard time measuring the tunes. Probably due to beam loss.

Inconclusive whether orbits causes lattice distortion at 11, 12, 13, 14.

# Plans

- Complete tune scan for HEP and pseudo-flat lattice.
  - See whether tune space of pseudo-flat lattice improves or stays the same as HEP.
- Collect orbit response data
  - Use LOCO to calculate lattice. Compare with tune response data.
  - Calculate dispersion orbit response data.
- Tune the machine to improve efficiency at low intensity.
  - If cannot improve to at least the same efficiency as HEP lattice then something is wrong and we need to figure it out.
    - Apertures?
    - **Note: we have never seen an improvement of beam efficiency at injection with pseudo-flat lattice compared with HEP lattice even at low currents.**
- Question for simulations
  - Is the flatness of the low  $\beta$ 's more important than the high  $\beta$ 's?
    - Are we looking at the wrong place? Fixing high  $\beta$ 's may be less important than fixing low  $\beta$ 's because of space charge is a lot larger when the beam is squeezed.